

ALUMINATE



Relevant steelmaking regulation EUROPEAN STANDARD: UNI EN 10346 : 2015

Areas of use

- Heating
- Irradiation
- Mufflers
- ·Hobs

Aluminum-silicon coated or aluminized steels

These products consist of a steel substrate over which a coating consisting of aluminum (90%) and silicon (10%) is applied by continuous hot dipping. Their main characteristic lies in their excellent corrosion resistance even at high temperatures: the surface remains unaltered up to 450°C and the 80% heat reflection is crucial when producing heat shielding.

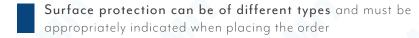
SURFACE PROTECTION

C Chemical passivation
O Oiling
CO Oiling and chemical passivation
P Phosphating
PO Phosphating and oiling
S Organic passivation



Technical supply conditions

They can be supplied with special requirements for coating finish, surface appearance and surface protection.





SURFACE FINISH TYPES A Coated surface Minor imperfections - such as small honeycombs, variations in grain size, dark spots, light scratches, and passivation spots - are possible It is obtained through skinpass. Small imperfections - such as scratches due to skinpass, streaks, irregularities (not cavities) - are possible with this kind of surface C Better quality surface It is obtained through skinpass. The best surface does not harm the apparent uniformity of a high color finish class; the other surface must be at least type B



	Surface appearance						
Coating name	А	В	С				
Alum	inum-silicon	coatings	(AS)				
AS060	X	X	(X)				
AS080	X	X	X				
AS100	X	X	X				
AS120	X	X	(X)				
AS150	X	(X)	(X)				

Coating name		m weight /m²	Typical values of coo side in the single	Density		
	Triple spot test	Single spot test	Typical value	Range	g/cm ³	
	Weight o	of the aluminu	m-silicon coating	(AS)		
AS060	60	45	10	7 to 15		
AS080	80	60	14	10 to 20		
AS100	100	75	17	12 to 23	3.0	
AS120	120	90	20	15 to 27		
AS150 150		115	25	19 to 33		

		\sim					
Quality	Name Type of coating:	Yield stress Re MPag	Breaking R ^m MPa ⁹	Elongation A ₈₀ % min	Plastic deformation ratio r ₉₀ min	Hardening n ₉₀ min	
DX51D	+Z, +ZF, +ZA, +ZM, +AZ, +AS		270 to 500	22		_	
DX52D	+Z, +ZF, +ZA, +ZM, +AZ, +AS	140 to 300	270 to 420	26		-	
DX53D	+Z, +ZF, +ZA, +ZM, +AZ, +AS	140 to 260	270 to 380	30	_0	-	
DX54D	+Z, +ZA	120 to 220	260 to 350	36	1.6	0.18	
DX54D	+ZF, +ZM	120 to 220	260 to 350	34	1.4	0.18	
DX54D	+AZ	120 to 220	260 to 350	36		-	
DX54D	+AS	120 to 220	260 to 350	34	1.4	0.18	
DX55D	+AS	140 to 240	270 to 370	30		-	
DX56D	+Z, +ZA	120 to 180	260 to 350	39	1.9	0.21	
DX56D	+ZF, +ZM	120 to 180	260 to 350	37	1.7	0.20	
DX56D	+AZ, +AS	120 to 180	260 to 350	39	1.7	0.20	
DX57D	+Z, +ZA	120 to 170	260 to 350	41	2.1	0.22	
DX57D	+ZF, +ZM	120 to 170	260 to 350	39	1.9	0.21	
DX57D	+AS	120 to 170	260 to 350	41	1.9	0.21	
1MPa = 1N/mm²							

MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS



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Areas of use

- Conditioning
- Refrigeration
- Cars
- Poultry
- Dryers
- Elevators
- · Household appliance

CHEMICA	AL COMPOSITION			\rightarrow			
		Che	mical con	position	n max %		
Quality	Type of coating:	С	Si	Mn	Р	S	Ti
DX51D	+Z, +ZF, +ZA, +ZM, +AZ, +AS	0.18		1.20	0.12		
DX52D	+Z, +ZF, +ZA, +ZM, +AZ, +AS						
DX53D	+Z, +ZF, +ZA, +ZM, +AZ, +AS						
DX54D	+Z, +ZF, +ZA, +ZM, +AZ, +AS	0.12	0.50	0.60	0.10	0.045	0.030
DX55D	+AS	0.12	0.50	0.60			
DX56D	+Z, +ZF, +ZA, +ZM, +AZ, +AS						
DX57D	+Z, +ZF, +ZA, +ZM, +AS						

MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS Construction steels Name Breaking Elongation Yield stress $R_{m}MPa^{d}$ A₈₀ % min $R_{p0.2} MPa^d$ Quality Type of coating: +Z, +ZF, +ZA, +ZM, +AZ **S220GD** 220 300 **S250GD** +Z, +ZF, +ZA, +ZM, +AZ, +AS 330 250 19 S280GD +Z, +ZF, +ZA, +ZM, +AZ, +AS 360 280 18 S320GD +Z, +ZF, +ZA, +ZM, +AZ, +AS 390 320 17 +Z, +ZF, +ZA, +ZM, +AZ, +AS S350GD 350 420 16 +Z, +ZF, +ZA, +ZM, +AZ **S390GD** 390 460 16 **S420GD** +Z, +ZF, +ZA, +ZM, +AZ 420 480 15 +Z, +ZF, +ZA, +ZM, +AZ **S450GD** 450 510 14 **S550GD** +Z, +ZF, +ZA, +ZM, +AZ 550 560 $d 1MPa = 1N/mm^2$

e = laminate thickness in mm

Tensile tests performed on transverse specimens

CHEMICAL CC	MPOSITION			$\rightarrow \bigcirc$					
	Name	Chemical composition max %							
Quality	Type of coating:	С	Si	Mn	Р	S			
S220GD	+Z, +ZF, +ZA, +ZM, +AZ								
S250GD	+Z, +ZF, +ZA, +ZM, +AZ, +AS								
S280GD	+Z, +ZF, +ZA, +ZM, +AZ, +AS								
S320GD	+Z, +ZF, +ZA, +ZM, +AZ, +AS								
S350GD	+Z, +ZF, +ZA, +ZM, +AZ, +AS	0.20	0.60	1.70	0.10	0.045			
S390GD	+Z, +ZF, +ZA, +ZM, +AZ								
S420GD	+Z, +ZF, +ZA, +ZM, +AZ								
S450GD	+Z, +ZF, +ZA, +ZM, +AZ								
S550GD	+Z, +ZF, +ZA, +ZM, +AZ					>			

High-resistive steels

No	ame	Yield stress	Hardening	Breaking	Elongation	Plastic	Hardening	
Quality	Type of coating:	R _{P0,2} MPa ^f	index BH ₂ MPα ^f min	R _m Mpa ^f	A ₈₀ % min	deformation ratio r ₉₀ min	n ^{90 min}	
		160 to 220	-	300 to 360	37	1.9	0.20	
HX160YD		180 to 240	-	330 to 390	34	1.7	0.18	
HX180BD		180 to 240	30	290 to 360	34	1.5	0.16	
HX220YD		220 to 280	-	340 to 420	32	1.5	0.17	
HX220BD		220 to 280	30	320 to 400	32	1.2	0.15	
HX260YD		260 to 320	-	380 to 440	30	1.4	0.16	
HX260BD		260 to 320	30	360 to 440	28	-	_	
HX260LAD		260 to 330	-	350 to 430	26	-	-	
HX300YD	+Z, +ZF, +ZA +ZM, +AZ, +AS	300 to 360	-	390 to 470	27	1.3	0.15	
HX300BD		300 to 360	30	400 to 480	26	-	-	
HX300LAD		300 to 380	-	380 to 480	23		-	
HX340BD		340 to 400	30	440 to 520	24	-	-	
HX340LAD		340 to 420	-	410 to 510	21	-	-	
HX380LAD		380 to 480	-	440 to 560	19	-	-	
HX420LAD		420 to 520	-	470 to 590	17		-	
HX460LAD		460 to 560	-	500 to 640	15	-	-(6	
HX500LAD		500 to 620	-	530 to 690	13	-		

e = laminate thickness in mm

Tensile tests performed on transverse specimens

CHEMICAL	
COMPOSITION	

COMPOSITION									
N	ате	C MAX	Si max	Mn max	P max	S max	Al	Nb max	Ti max
Quality	Type of coating:								
HX160YD		0.01	0.30	0.60	0.060	0.025	≥0.010	0.09	0.12
		0.01	0.30	0.70	0.060	0.025	≥0.010	0.09	0.12
HX180BD		0.06	0.50	0.70	0.060	0.025	≥0.015	0.09	0.12
HX220YD		0.01	0.30	0.90	0.080	0.025	≥0.010	0.09	0.12
HX220BD		0.08	0.50	0.70	0.085	0.025	≥0.015	0.09	0.12
HX260YD		0.01	0.30	1.60	0.10	0.025	≥0.010	0.09	0.12
HX260BD		0.10	0.50	1.00	0.10	0.030	≥0.010	0.09	0.12
HX260LAD		0.11	0.50	1.00	0.030	0.025	≥0.015	0.09	0.15
HX300YD	+Z, +ZF, +ZA +ZM, +AZ, +AS	0.015	0.30	1.60	0.10	0.025	≥0.010	0.09	0.12
HX300BD		0.11	0.50	0.80	0.12	0.025	≥0.010	0.09	0.12
HX300LAD		0.12	0.50	1.40	0.030	0.025	≥0.015	0.09	0.15
HX340BD		0.11	0.50	0.80	0.12	0.025	≥0.010	0.09	0.12
HX340LAD		0.12	0.50	1.4	0.030	0.025	≥0.015	0.10	0.15
HX380LAD	COMM	0.12	0.50	1.5	0.030	0.025	≥0.015	0.10	0.15
HX180YD		0.12	0.50	1.6	0.030	0.025	≥0.015	0.10	0.15
HX460LAD		0.15	0.50	1.7	0.030	0.025	≥0.015	0.10	0.15
HX500LAD		0.15	0.50	1.7	0.030	0.025	≥0.015	0.10	0.15

The standard applies to flat products with a coating applied by continuous hot dipping of zinc (Z), zinc-iron alloy (ZF), zinc-aluminum alloy (ZA), aluminum-zinc alloy (AZ), and aluminum-silicon alloy (AS), of cold-forming high-strength low-carbon steels, and of structural steels with a minimum thickness of 0.20 mm and a maximum thickness of 6.50 mm

ATTENTION:

They come in the form of thin metal sheets, wide strips, sheared wide strips, or cut-to-length strips (bands) made from sheared wide strips or thin sheets. The standards involved are UNI EN 10292, UNI EN 10326, UNI EN 10327, and hot dip-coated products are according to prEN 10336.

Relevant steelmaking regulation

EUROPEAN STANDARD: UNI EN 10143: 2006

Thickness tolerances for steels with minimum specified yield strength R_e or $Rp_{0.2}$ < 260 MPa



Nominal	Normal tol	erance for nom w	inal width	Special tolerance (S) for nominal width w			
thickness t	≤ 1200	1200 < w ≤ 1500	>1500	≤ 1200	1200 < w ≤ 1500	>1500	
				± 0.030			
	± 0.04	± 0.05		± 0.035	± 0.040	± 0.045	
				± 0.040			
	± 0.06	± 0.07		± 0.045	± 0.050	± 0.060	
				± 0.050			
	± 0.10	± 0.11		± 0.060	± 0.070	± 0.080	
				± 0.070			
	± 0.14	± 0.15		± 0.090	± 0.100	± 0.110	
				± 0.110			
	± 0.20	± 0.20		± 0.15	± 0.16	± 0.17	
				± 0.17			

Thickness tolerances for steels with minimum specified yield strength 260 MPa ≤ Rp_{0.2} ≤ 360 MPa and for DX51D and S550GD qualities

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Nominal		ormal tolerance nominal width		Special tolerance (s) for nominal width w			
thickness t	≤ 1200	1200 < w ≤ 1500	>1500	≤ 1200	1200 < w ≤ 1500	>1500	
0.20 < t ≤ 0.40		± 0.06	± 0.07	± 0.035	± 0.040	± 0.045	
		± 0.06	± 0.07	± 0.040	± 0.045	± 0.050	
0.60 < t ≤ 0.80		± 0.07	± 0.08	± 0.045	± 0.050		
0.80 < t ≤ 1.00		± 0.08	± 0.09	± 0.050	± 0.060		
		± 0.09	± 0.11	± 0.060	± 0.070		
1.20 < t ≤ 1.60		± 0.13	± 0.14	± 0.070	± 0.080		
		± 0.15	± 0.16	± 0.080	± 0.090		
			± 0.18	± 0.110		± 0.130	
		± 0.20	± 0.20	± 0.130	± 0.140	± 0.150	
3.00 < t ≤ 5.00		± 0.24	± 0.25	± 0.17	± 0.18	± 0.19	
		± 0.25	± 0.26	± 0.19	± 0.20	± 0.21	

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Thickness tolerances for steels with minimum specified yield strength 360 MPa \leq Rp_{0.2} \leq 420 MPa



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Nominal		ormal tolerance nominal width		Special tolerance (s) for nominal width w			
thickness t	≤ 1200	1200 < w ≤ 1500	>1500	≤ 1200	1200 < w ≤ 1500	>1500	
0.35 < t ≤ 0.40	± 0.05	± 0.06	± 0.07	± 0.040	± 0.045	± 0.050	
0.40 < t ≤ 0.60	± 0.06	± 0.07	± 0.08	± 0.045		± 0.060	
0.60 < t ≤ 0.80	± 0.07	± 0.08	± 0.09	± 0.050	± 0.060	± 0.070	
0.80 < t ≤ 1.00	± 0.08	± 0.09	± 0.11	± 0.060			
1.00 < t ≤ 1.20		± 0.11					
1.20 < t ≤ 1.60	± 0.13	± 0.14	± 0.16	± 0.080			
1.60 < t ≤ 2.00							
2.00 < t ≤ 2.50	± 0.18	± 0.20	± 0.21	± 0.120			
2.50 < t ≤ 3.00	± 0.22	± 0.22	± 0.23	± 0.140	± 0.150	± 0.160	
3.00 < t ≤ 5.00	± 0.22	± 0.24	± 0.25	± 0.17			
5.00 < t ≤ 6.50							

Thickness tolerances for steels with minimum specified yield strength 420 MPa \leq Rp^{0.2} \leq 900 MPa



Nominal		ormal tolerance nominal width		Special tolerance (s) for nominal width w				
thickness t	≤ 1200	1200 < w ≤ 1500	>1500	≤ 1200	1200 < w ≤ 1500	>1500		
0.35 < t ≤ 0.40	± 0.06			± 0.045				
0.40 < t ≤ 0.60	± 0.06	± 0.08		± 0.050	± 0.060			
0.60 < t ≤ 0.80	± 0.07			± 0.060				
0.80 < t ≤ 1.00	± 0.09	± 0.11		± 0.070	± 0.080			
1.00 < t ≤ 1.20	± 0.11			± 0.080				
1.20 < t ≤ 1.60	± 0.15	± 0.16		± 0.090	± 0.110			
1.60 < † ≤ 2.00	± 0.18			± 0.110				
2.00 < t ≤ 2.50								
2.50 < t ≤ 3.00	± 0.24	± 0.25		± 0.170				
3.00 < t ≤ 5.00	± 0.26	± 0.27		± 0.23	± 0.24			
5.00 < t ≤ 6.50	± 0.28			± 0.25				

The standard applies to flat products with a coating applied by continuous hot dipping of zinc (Z), zinc-iron alloy (ZF), zinc-aluminum alloy (ZA), aluminum-zinc alloy (AZ), and aluminum-silicon alloy (AS), of cold-forming high-strength low-carbon steels, and of structural steels with a minimum thickness of 0.20 mm and a maximum thickness of 6.50 mm



Relevant steelmaking regulation EUROPEAN STANDARD: UNI EN 10143 : 2006

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Tolerance on sheet and strip width ≥ 600 mm

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Nominal width w	Normal tolerance	Special tolerance (s)
600 ≤ w ≤ 1200	+5 0	+2 O
1200 < w ≤ 1500	+6 0	+2 0
1500 < w ≤ 1800	+7 0	+3 0
w > 1800	+8 0	+3 0

Tolerance on belt width less than 600 mm



Tolerance	Nominal	Nominal width					
class	thickness t	w < 125	125 ≤ w < 250	250 ≤ w < 400	400 ≤ w < 600		
	t < 0.6			+ 0.7 O			
				+ 0.9 0			
				+ 1.1 O			
	2.0 ≤ t ≤ 3.0	+ 0.7 0		+ 1.3 O			
	3.0 < t ≤ 5.0			+ 1.4 O			
	5.0 < t ≤ 6.5			+ 1.5 O			
	t < 0.6			+ 0.3 0			
	0.6 ≤ t < 1.0			+ 0.4 0			
	1.0 ≤ t < 2.0			+ 0.5 O			
	5.0 < t ≤ 6.5	+ 0.6 0	+ 0.7 O	+ 0.8 0	+ 0.10 0		

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Length tolerances

Nominal length	Normal tolerance	Special tolerance (s)		
< 2000	+6 0	+3 0		
≥ 2000 and ≤ 8000	+0.3 of the length O	+0.15% of the length O		
>8000	by agreeme	nt		

Flatness tolerances for steels with minimum specified yield strength R_e or $Rp_{0.2}$ < 260 MPa

	Tolerance class	Nominal width w	Maximum wave height for nominal thickness t			
			t < 0.7	0.7 ≤ t < 1.6	1.6 ≤ t < 3.0	3.0 ≤ t ≤ 6.5
						15
				10		
		w ≥ 1500	17			23
	Special (FS)	w < 1200	5			
		1200 ≤ w < 1500	6			9

Flatness tolerance for steels with minimum specified yield strength 260 MPa ≤ Rp_{0.2} ≤ 360 MPa and for DX51D and S550GD degrees



Tolerance class	Nominal width w	Maximum wave height for nominal thickness			
		t < 0.7	0.7 ≤ t < 1.6	1.6 ≤ t < 3.0	3.0 ≤ t ≤ 6.5
					18
			13		25
		20	19		28
		8		5	9
		9		6	12
					14

The standard applies to flat products with a coating applied by continuous hot dipping of zinc (Z), zinc-iron alloy (ZF), zinc-aluminum alloy (ZA), aluminum-zinc alloy (AZ), and aluminum-silicon alloy (AS), of cold-forming high-strength low-carbon steels, and of structural steels with a minimum thickness of 0.20 mm and a maximum thickness of 6.50 mm



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The out-of-square (u) is the orthogonal projection of the transverse side along the longitudinal side (see Figure 1).

Out-of-square must not exceed 1% of the sheet width



The lapping (q) is the maximum distance between the longitudinal edge and a reference straight side (see Figure 1).

The lapping should be measured on the concave side. The base of the measurement should be 2 meters, taken on any point on the concave edge.

If the metal sheet has a length of less than 2 meters, the base of the measurement should be equal to its length.

Lapping should not exceed 5 mm over a length of 2 meters. For lengths of less than two meters, the lapping should not exceed 0.25 percent of the length itself.

For strips less than 600 mm wide, a special lapping tolerance (CS) of maximum 2 mm on a length of 2 meters can be specified.

This special tolerance is not applicable to strips with minimum yield strength RpO $_2 \ge 280$ MPa.

